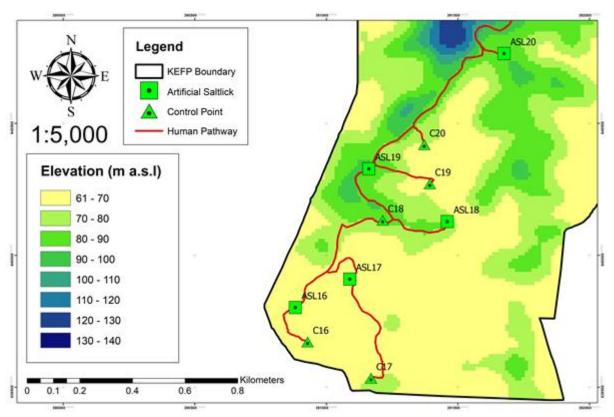
Project Update: September 2023

The camera trapping survey commenced at the Tenghilan Community Forest was completed on 9th July 2023, where one new mammal species was detected at this study site, which was the bearded pig (Sus barbatus). Therefore, the camera trapping survey was conducted at the fourth study site of this research, which was the Kinarut Eco Forest Park, running from 1 August to 20 September 2023. This survey was conducted at 10 different sampling points that were established along the nature trails at this forested area (See Picture 1). To date, a total of eight different small to medium-sized mammal species were detected and recorded in this research. The recorded species included the Sunda pangolin (Manis javanica), Sunda stink-badger (Mydaus javanensis), common palm civet (Paradoxurus hermaphroditus), mousedeer (Tragulus spp.), leopard cat (Prionailurus bengalensis), plantain squirrel (Callosciurus notatus), long-tailed macaque (Macaca fascicularis), and the moonrat (Echinosorex gymnura). The pictures of the two new mammal species captured by the deployed camera traps in this study site are attached in this quarter report, alongside with their respective scientific names, common names (English and Malay versions), and IUCN Red List Statuses.



Picture 1. This map shows the 10 sampling points (5 control points & 5 artificial saltlicks) that are established systematically along the accessible nature trails presented at the Kinarut Eco Forest Park. This locality map is created by myself using ArcMap ver. 10.4, and then the base map is actually a digital elevation model that is downloaded from https://asf.alaska.edu/.



Moonrat/**Tikus Ambang Bulan** (LC) (Echinosorex gymnura)



Bearded Pig/**Bakas** (VU) (Sus barbatus)