Project Update: February 2018

From our plot survey in the project, we found that regeneration rate of Boswellia papyrifera tree species was zero and absence of its small trees (DBH<15cm). Our study also interviewed local community to prioritise and rank the factors that diminishing population of the tree species and their possible conservation solutions. According to the local community, the key population diminishing factors are free animal grazing, agriculture expansion and lack of training on conservation of the tree. The respondents also prioritised the solutions for conservation of the tree as introducing area enclosures, soil and water conservation activities, training local communities on conservation of the tree and assist natural regeneration of the tree using different techniques. These are the key findings of the project that to be trained and educated the relevant stakeholders in order to improve their awareness on future conservation of the tree species. Therefore, we provided training for 5 consecutive days about the results of our project to relevant stakeholders. The stakeholders were local community and extension workers. During these trainings days, first we presented the results of our project, and then the stakeholders discussed in detail (including questions and answers). In the coming days, we will send you the final report of our project with detail data and pictures.



Train and educate local community about the factors currently affecting Boswellia papyrifera tree species and their conservation solutions



Train and educate the local community and extension workers about the factors currently affecting *Boswellia papyrifera* tree species conservation