Project Update: November 2017

From July to September 2017, a total of five species were found in 10 sampling locations, of which four were new with respect to previous surveys.

Euphlyctis sp. was seen in the paddy field at the location of N27°28'10.72" E091°35'56.99" at an altitude of 915 m above sea level. This species was observed active only for foods unlike previous months' busy croaking for their mates.

In the rainy days or nights of August and September 2017 where places are either moist or where stagnant water is available, *Duttaphrynus himalayanus*, *D. stomatictus*, *Megophrys* sp. and *Sphaerotheca breviceps* were seen. They were seen in an altitude of between 915-1875 m above sea level with a latitude and longitude range of N27°28'10.72" to N27°29'03.11" and E091°35'56.99" to E091°34'29.38" respectively.

They were observed in open spaces where the human disturbances are minimal (as mentioned in previous report). They were seen calling for their mates or even mating.



The juveniles of these species were also seen.

Study site where amphibians were found due to minimal disturbances.



Left: Author photographing a *Euphylctis* sp. Right: Team members searching for amphibians in a paddy field.



Left: Euphylctis sp. Right: Sphaerotheca breviceps.



Left: Calling of male D. stomatictus. Right: Mating of D. stomatictus.



Megophrys sp.



D. himalayanus