## Project Update: February 2017

1) Field data collection: August to December 2016

Field data collection (social survey, diet study, evaluate threats etc.): field data collection for the presence or absence of the Himalayan black bear and social survey for the four block in the study area has been successfully completed with the help of the park staffs and local communities.

Frequent field visits, mapping of habitat of the Himalayan black bear, and farmer's interview was being carried out.

2) Advance data compilation and entry: December 2016 to January 2017. Field data collected from the field were punched using the MS excel and in SPSS for further data analysis.

3) The study area was divided into  $4 \times 4 \text{ km}^2$  grid inside the four blocks with highest household to carry out more detailed survey of bear distribution and investigate human-bear conflicts. Finally with all the data analysis part bear distribution map will be produced using the Arc GIS software soon.

And in grid of the study area the following activities were being carried out

a) Preliminary reconnaissance survey

Preliminary presence-absence of Himalayan black bear survey was conducted among the Park Rangers and the villagers of the study areas (Appendix I) to further ease the data collection in the field.

b) Assess the Himalayan black bear distribution

Each grid of the study area was surveyed for the presence or absence of the Himalayan black bear through sign survey such as scats, tracks, trails, scratch marks and information from the local community which were being noted down on the field survey format. The location was recorded when the sign of presence of bear was encountered using a Global Positioning System (GPS). (Attached field format)

Stratum(Geogs)	Total H/H No.	Sample H/H No.	Sampling Intensity
Ura	208	78	32
Chumey	32	18	7
Jarey	195	74	30
Metsho	200	76	31
Total	635	246	100

c) Investigate the human-bear conflicts

Using a set of pretested questionnaire the history of bear-human encounter was

recorded with date and time of encounter, kind of habitat, the activity of humans and bears at the time of encounters, number of bears and people involved, the kind of injuries, and the circumstances that led to the encounters. (Enclosed the questionnaire).

Interviews of local villagers to know their perception towards the presence of bear in the study area.

246 households were selected based on Yamane formula from the four blocks was interviewed to get their views and perception towards the presence of Bear and the human-bear conflicts. (Enclosed questionnaire)

Social survey mainly included the collection of the following information:

- Demography: name, age, education level and occupation of respondents.
- For farmers, land holding and crops cultivated by the respondents.
- Livestock holdings and livestock lost to bear.
- Crops Cultivated and lost to bear.
- House raiding by bear.
- Bear-human attack, direct experience and perceptions of victims.
- Information about the Himalayan black bear was asked through time of bear seen/attack, season, approximate distance between bear and respondent, number of bears, encounter of bear attacks.
- Further more questions about the awareness of compensation scheme, compensation claimed (if any), and weapon used to ward of attack and how long it took to recover etc.
- Best mitigation to avoid human-bear conflict was thoroughly asked from the respondents.
- People Perceptions on individual's liking and tolerance level towards bear was also assessed.

4) Still ongoing works are being carried out in the study area with the help of the park officials, local stakeholders, CNR graduates and the local communities:

a) Poster printing and distribution to all stakeholders on Himalayan black bear conservation for database information and reference: February to March 2016.

b) In addition, an awareness program on the importance and benefits of conserving the Himalayan black bear conducted for the two blocks with two blocks soon to be conducted for the resident communities in collaboration with the Park officials between January and March 2017. (Enclosed the Presentation copy).

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Part 1: Rearing of bees for honey by the local communities sighted in one of the study area which is one major reason for human-bear conflict.



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Part 2 ; Social survey interview using set of pretested questionnaire in the study area.



Part 3 : Field data collection inside the study area

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Part 4. Community awareness campaign, educational programs and activities inside the study area



Part 5 ; Electric fencing sighted in the study area which is used for mitigating human-wildlife conflict



# **APPENDIX I:** Survey format for preliminary assessment of the presence of Himalayan Black Bear in Phrumshingla National Park

Name of Respondent:

Name of Park Range Office:

Name of Village	Name of Geog	Name of Dzongkhag	Presence of Himalayan Black Bear*	Evidence of presence**
NOTES				

NOTES:

\* Presence or absence:

P = Present A = Absent

**\*\* Evidences of presence:** 

S = Sighting LD = Livestock damage/depredation

TR = Track/foot print SC = Scat/faeces



Appendix II: Format for recording of Himalayan black bear evidences during trail transect survey

Name of Park Range:

Name of place/village of observation:

Name of observer/surveyor:

Geog:

Dzongkhag:

Date of survey

Characteristics of evidences				Site characteristics of evidence observation Prey availability										
Evidence type (1)	metrics (i	rs (in cm) (2) Freshness of evidence		No. of evidences in a group		GPS location of evidence (5)		Aspect (6)	Slope (deg.)	Veg. type (7)	Substrate (8)	Presence of prey	Abundance of prey sign	Human disturb.
	Length	Width	(3)	(4)	Northing	Easting	(m)	(0)	(ucg.)	(/)		(9)	(10)	(11)
Any other											les and notes			

#### Any other observations? Record here:

Look at the back page for codes and notes

(Record also presence of any human disturbances to wild dog, including developmental activities, firewood collection, NTFP collection, timber collection, hunting, etc)

(Record also presence of prey within the transect but not near the evidence)





# Annexure 1: Questionnaires for Human-Bear conflict survey

Name of the Range : Geog :
Village name:   Approx. Dist. from Forest:
Interviewer : Date :
PART 1: DEMOGRAPHY (GENERAL INFORMATION)
1. Name
2. Sex of Respondent:  Male Female
3. Age of Respondent (Years):
4. Total members in the Household (HH): Numbers
5. Are you the Head of HH? Yes No.
6. Occupation of Respondent (Tick)
Farmer Govt. Servant Private/Corporation Monk Business
Armed forces Others (Pl. specify)
7. Qualification of Respondent:

# **PART 2: WILDLIFE INFORMATION**

1. What kind of wild predators do you see in your locality? Tick (Answer could be more than

one)					
Tiger	Bear	Wild dogs	Leopard 🗌	Snow Leopard	Others



2. Among the predators, which one do you think is most destructive in your

area? Rank them 1-5, 1 being the least destructive and 5 being the most.

1       2       3       4       5         a) Tiger       1       1       1       1         b) Bear       1       1       1       1         c) Wild dogs       1       1       1       1         d) Leopards       1       1       1       1         e) Snow Leopard       1       1       1       1         f) Others       1       1       1       1
3. Do you collect NWFPs from the forest? Yes No which one do you collect the most?
Mushroom Fern Cane Bamboo Damroo
4. Do you collect wild fruits and berries from the forest? Yes No If yes, how often
Daily weekly monthly yearly
PART 3: PRESENCE/ABSENCE OF HIMALAYAN BLACK BEAR
1. Is Himalayan Black Bear present in the area? Yes No Not sure Not sure
2. How often do you see Himalayan black bear in your locality?
Never Rare Common Frequently Most frequently 3. If YES:
(a) What type of sign indicated the bear presence?
Direct Sighting Sound Scats Paw marks
<ul> <li>4. At what time of the day do you see bear most?</li> <li>Before dawn before dark day time Early in the morning others</li> <li>(a) Most recent date (year)</li> <li>(b) c) c) c)</li> </ul>
(b) Cubs present? Yes No How many?

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5. During an encounter, outcome usually	y was (can tick more than	one)
Bear avoided Bear attacked	People avoided	People attacked
6. What do you think about the population years?	on status of the Himalaya	n Black Bear over the last 5
Increasing Decreasing	Same	No idea
Reasons if increasing or decreasing:		
7. Do you have any traditional belief/loc If yes, please mention. 1		Yes No
8. Where was the Himalayan Black bear	sign spotted?	

Note: Spot the Bear presence signs in the map (Use the map attached).

# PART 4: HUMAN-BEAR CONFLICT

1. Did you have conflicts with bear for last three years?	Yes (	No
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2. What types of conflicts did you have? Rank the following by giving 1-5 points against each, 1 being the least and 5 being the most.

i) Livestock killings	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
ii) House raiding	
iii) Crop raiding	
iv) Human attack	
v) Others	
3. What do you think an	te the main causes of human-bear conflicts in your village? List.

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4. Did you report the damage (crop damage, mauling human, house raiding, harming livestock) to the governmen encies researcher of the source o
Gup office Dzongkhag Park office Agriculture office Others (specify)
5. How would you rate the agency's response to your report?
Poor fair Good Excellent
PART 5: HIMALAYAN BLACK BEAR KILLED
1. Have bears been killed in this area? Yes No Not sure
2. If YES, why killed?
Self-defense Body parts Accidental Other (specify)
Details (note grid cell numbers if known)
3. Body parts collected:
None Meat Bones Bile Teeth Claws Other (specify)
Use of body part:
PART 6: LIVESTOCK KILLED BY HIMALYAN BLACK BEAR

1. Have	1. Have you seen bear killing livestock during the last three years?    Yes    No								
Year	Livestock killed	Condition of the livestock	No.	Age (yrs)	Estimated costs (Nu)	Time of the day	Locations		

Note: \*Age = Juvenile (1-3yrs) = Ju \*Adult (3-8 yrs) = Ad \* Old (More than 8 yrs) = OL \* Conditions of the livestock= Weak, Strong, Milking (If female). \*Time of of the day = Day, night, Morning, evening *etc* **\*Locations**= *forest/settlement* 

2. How was that particular animal being killed/attacked by the bear?

..... ..... ..... .....



## PART 7: HIMALAYAN BLACK BEAR ATTACK ON HUMANS

1. Is there any report of bear attacking or mauling human in your locality for the last three years? Yes No

Year/month	Name of victim	Time of the day (Same as above)	Locations (Same as above)	Remarks

2. Nature of attack by bear on human?

		•••••				
3. Cubs present or not?			•	•		
PART 8:	: CROP DAN	MAGE BY	HIMALAYAN	N BLACK BE	AR	
					_	

1. Are any crops destroyed by the bear in your locality?

Yes No

Types of crops	Qty (kg)	Estimated costs (Nu)	Month & year	Time of the day	Stages of crops

*Note: Stages of crops: A*= *Planting, B*= *Flowering, C*= *Mature stage* 

## PART 9: HOUSE RAID BY HIMALYAN BLACK BEAR

1. House raiding during the last three years. Yes

No 🗌

Year&	Estimated costs (Nu)	Time of raid (Day, Night	Type of settlement
Month		etc)	(Please refer below notes)

*Note: Type of settlement* = *Clustered settlement, dispersed settlement, Temporary cattle herds, abandoned houses, others (specify)* 



PART 10 : PREVENTIVE MEASURES/STRATEGIES AGAINST HUMAN-BEAR CONFLICT
1. Are you aware about the compensation for the damage (crop damage, mauling human, house raiding, harming livestock) caused by the bear? Yes No
2. Did you receive any compensation from the government? Yes No
3. Do you guard your property (crops, animals, houses, human life) from the bear attack?
Yes No when do you usually guard them?
Day Night Day and Night
How do you guard them?
4. Which of the following preventive measures is mostly used to guard your properties effectively from the bear attack?
Fencing (ordinary)   Solar fencing   Bonfire   Walk around the field
Clearing bushes Drumming tins Scarecrow
PART 11: PEOPLE'S PERCEPTIONS ABOUT HIMALAYAN BLACK BEAR
CONSERVATION
1. Himalayan Black bear is a threat to Human
Agree Disagree Not sure
2. Have you ever heard of being fined people for killing bear in your village? Yes No If yes, when (Mention the year of latest incidence)
3. Why do you think people kill bear? (Tick)
Monetary values Frustrations Pleasure No. idea customary practice
4. If there is no restriction of killing bear, would you kill Bear? Yes No
Underscore your statement.
5. Are you aware that Himalayan black bear is protected by the Forest and Nature Conservation Act 1995 and Rules 2006? Yes No



6. What is your opinion on the current policy on conservation of bear in the country ( <i>Tick</i> )								
Good Very good Bad Very bad No idea								
Why so?								
7. Will you be able to support bear conservation program in your area in future? (Tick)								
Yes No If so, why? Please state your opinion								
8. What is your personal liking about bear?								
Like Dislike strongly like strongly dislike Neutral								
Give your reasons?								
9. What do you think of the bear problem in your locality as of now? Resistance level (Tick)								
Severe Moderate No idea Negligible No problem								
Give one reason:								
10. If you think the bear problem is severe in your village, what would be the solutions for								
minimizing the problem?								
11. Any additional remarks?								

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Part 2: Indicator of conservation threats to Himalayan black bear (For park staff only)
Name of Range office:
<b>1</b> . Did you have Himalayan black bear poaching cases? Yes $\square$ No $\square$ , if yes
2. Number of case apprehended for last 5 years in your Range (Mention no. of cases)
2016Cases, 2015cases, 2014cases, 2013cases, 2012cases
<b>3</b> . What are the main types of cases reported mostly from? (Give ranking, 1 for most and 4 for least)
Crop depredation livestock depredation purposefully hunting others (Specify)
<b>4</b> . What are the mostly used methods by the poachers to kill the Himalayan black bear? (Give ranking, 1 for most and 4 for least methods)
Setting trap poisoning carcasses using poison arrow others (specify)
5. Have you apprehended any illegal traders of Himalayan black bear parts in your Range for last 5 years? Yes //No, if yes
Farmer's   local shopkeepers   people from outside geog   Govt Servant
<b>6</b> . Which parts of the Himalayan black bear are commonly traded? (Give ranking, 1 being most and 4 for least)
Bile skin paws meat others (specify)
7. What are the approaches of apprehending the illegal traders of bear parts in your jurisdiction?
Information patrolling forest check post others (specify)
8. Any other recommendations/measures toward having a better Human-Bear Co-existence?

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