

Species description

Leopard sharks (Stegostoma fasciatum) are a medium-sized shark found in the warmer coastal waters of the Indian and Pacific Oceans. They have a unique appearance:

5 ridges run down their back and their singlelobed tail is almost as long as their body! They are the largest egg-laying sharks. The babies hatch out with bold black and white stripes, which is why this species is also called a zebra shark.





Find us on: facebook. SPOT THE LEOPARD SHARK - THAILAND



HTTPS://SITES.GOOGLE.COM/SITE/SPOTTHELEOPARDSHARK/THAILAND

Want to contribute? Its easy. Just send in your photos of leopard sharks, or upload them to facebook. If you identify a new shark, you get to name it!



Leopard sharks are a threatened species. The marine reserves of Thailand are an important habitat!





© August 2013. Produced by Chris Dudgeon, Diana Kleine Photos: Chris Roelfsema, Andrew Hewett, Chris Dudgeon

Share your photos of leopard sharks to help scientists understand and protect this important shark!

> Find us on: facebook

Spot the Leopard Shark is a community-based monitoring program. Photographs of leopard sharks taken by divers allow scientists to monitor individual sharks and estimate the size of the population. Each leopard shark has a unique pattern that is used to identify it. We match your photos with the patterns in our database.

Why contribute

Contributing photos will help scientists understand more about leopard sharks:

- how many individuals are there in this area?
- how far do they travel?
- how long do they live?

• do marine reserves support greater numbers ? By helping scientists, your photos can help with the conservation of this amazing shark!

How to contribute

- Follow the Diving with Leopard Sharks Code of Conduct.
- Take photo of entire left side and then right side of shark.
- Note the sex of shark males have external claspers (modified pelvic fins).
- Note the date, time, location and depth.
- Upload the photograph and information to our **facebook** page -Spot The Leopard Shark: Thailand, or email to c.dudgeon@uq.edu.au.

How to take your photographs



Most useful area for identification.

Most useful areas for photo-ID

Body patterns on the side of the shark below the dorsal fin.



Patterns on the dorsal fin.



Presence / absence of male claspers.

Diving with Leopard Sharks Code of Conduct

DO:

- Approach calmly and maintain good buoyancy control.
- Approach from the tail end.
- Rest on knees in sand if necessary and be aware of surrounding reef.
- Stay at least 3m away from the shark.
- Always move around the tail end of the shark.
- Be courteous to other divers and restrict your interaction time to 5 minutes when other groups are present.
- Avoid using excess flash.
- Limit yourself to 5 shots.

DON'T:

- Approach shark from the head end.
- Block the shark's escape route at the head end.
- Brace against or stand on reef habitats to view or photograph shark.
- Touch the shark or chase them while swimming.





Did you know that each leopard shark has an unique spot pattern that we use to tell them apart?





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SPOT THE LEOPARD SHARK - THAILAND









Rüffo











Spot the Leopard Shark: Thailand

Presentation with Dr. Chris Dudgeon

WHERE: Pier 42 Chalong Bay Phuket



WHEN: Tues 2nd Dec 7:30pm



ERPRISES

Please come along to learn more about these amazing animals and what we have discovered in Thailand over the last year!!

oto credit: Magnus Larsso



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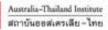












Spot the Leopard shark Thailand invites the diving community to contribute photographs of leopard sharks from Thai waters to help scientists understand and protect this important shark.



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> Want to contribute? It's easy. Upload your photos to facebook.

Did you know that each leopard shark has a unique spot pattern?



The marine waters of Thailand are important habitat for this threatened shark!



Contributors.









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